LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE LMBE

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Line Marking Paint Blue

Product number LMBE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Linemarker Paint

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier TYGRIS Ltd

31 Kyle Road,

Irvine Industrial Estate Irvine, North Ayrshire

KA12 8LE

T+44 (0) 1294 311066

TEAM101@tygrisindustrial.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1294 311066 (Monday to Friday: 07:30am to 16:15pm

National emergency

telephone number

UK Consumers- NHS 111. Medical Professionals- www.toxbase.org

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.





LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE **LMBE**

Precautionary statements P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains ACETONE, Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Supplementary precautionary P261 Avoid breathing spray.

statements

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

None

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS

30-60%

CAS number: 68476-85-7 EC number: 270-704-2

Classification

Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280

ACETONE 10-30%

CAS number: 67-64-1 EC number: 200-662-2

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336





LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE LMBE

Hydrocarbons, C9,

aromatics CAS number: — EC number: 918-668-5

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Titanium dioxide (White colour)

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Move affected person to fresh air at once.

information If spray/mist has been inhaled, proceed as follows. Move affected person to fresh air and keep

warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, provide artificial

respiration. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapours

are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. The product is extremely flammable. Forms explosive mixtures with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters





LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE LMBE

Protective actions during firefighting

Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. Warn firefighters that aerosols are involved.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Provide adequate ventilation. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Avoid inhalation of vapours.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Contain spillage with

sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near

spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Leave small quantities to evaporate, if safe to do so. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Absorb spillage with

non-combustible, absorbent material.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Keep away from heat, sparks and open

flame. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent

material.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store at moderate temperatures in dry, well

ventilated area. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to

temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Extremely flammable.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE LMBE

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 19 ppm 100 mg/m³

Titanium dioxide (White colour)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 32 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 25 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 100 mg/m³

PNEC This substance is a UVCB and conventional methods of defining DNEL and PNEC

are not appropriate.

Titanium dioxide (White colour) (CAS: 13463-67-7)

DNEL Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; >1

- Sediment (Freshwater); >=1000 mg/kg

- marine water; 0.127 mg/l

- Sediment (Marinewater); >=100 mg/kg

Soil; 100 mg/kgSTP; 100 mg/kg





LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE LMBE

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any

engineering controls occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Personal protection When using do not smoke.

Eye/face protection Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates

eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection Due to the packaging form, aerosol, risk of skin contact is small. Chemical-resistant,

impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough

time of the glove material.

Hygiene measures Wash hands after handling. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash at the end of

each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Use appropriate hand lotion to

prevent defatting and cracking of skin.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Conforms to standard

Odour Organic solvents.

Initial boiling point and range -40 to -2°C @ 1013 hPa

Flash point < -40°C

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 1.8% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 9.5%

Vapour pressure ca. 590 to 1760 kPa @ 45°C

Vapour density ca. 1.5 at 15°C

Auto-ignition temperature 410-580°C

Comments Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

9.2. Other information

Other information Not available.

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 690 g/l.



LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE LMBE

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Avoid the following conditions: Heat, sparks, flames.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high

temperatures or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

decomposition products

Materials to avoid Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or

combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic and corrosive gases or

vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General information Deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this container is dangerous and can be

fatal.

Inhalation In high concentrations, vapours and aerosol mists have a narcotic effect and may cause

headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Unconsciousness, possibly death.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting. Repeated

exposure may cause chronic eye irritation.

Acute and chronic

health hazards

Arrhythmia (deviation from normal heart beat). In high concentrations, vapours and aerosol

mists have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Route of exposure Inhalation

Target organs Central nervous system Respiratory system, lungs

Medical symptoms Arrhythmia (deviation from normal heart beat). Narcotic effect. Vapours may cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Skin irritation.



SAFETY DATA SHEETLINE MARKING PAINT BLUE

LMBE

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or

frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Not known.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty.

Disposal methodsDispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated

because of the risk of an explosion.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR

and IMDG. These provisions allow transport of aerosols of less than 1 litre packed in cartons of less than 30kg gross weight to be exempt from control providing that they are labelled in accordance with the requirements of these regulations to show that they are being transported

as Limited Quantities. Aerosols not so packed and labelled must show the following.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

UN No. (ADN) 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name





LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE LMBE

TYGRIS

Proper shipping name

AEROSOLS

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard

class(es) ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

ADR/RID packing group None

IMDG packing group None

ICAO packing group None

ADN packing group None

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according

Not applicable.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture





LINE MARKING PAINT BLUE LMBE

National regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131. British Aerosol Manufacturers Code of Practice 7th. Edition 1999

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments Design

Issued by Technical Department

Revision date 31.05.2023

Revision 2.1

SDS number

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements inH220 Extremely flammable gas.
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315

Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.